Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Central Utah Educational Services 195 East 500 North Richfield, Utah 84701

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FINANCIAL SECTION

JUNE 30, 2005

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Kimball & Roberts

Certified Public Accountants
A Professional Corporation
Box 663
Richfield, Utah 84701
Phone 896-6488

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Central Utah Educational Services 545 West 100 North Richfield, Utah 84701

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Central Utah Educational Services as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise Central Utah Educational Services' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Central Utah Educational Services' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Central Utah Educational Services as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2006, on our consideration of Central Utah Educational Services' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose o that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

KIMBALL & ROBERTS, P. Certified Public Accountants

June 30, 2006 Richfield, Utah

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Central Utah Educational Services (CUES) center, we offer readers of the CUES financial statements this narrative discussion, overview, and analysis of the financial activities of the CUES center for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005.

Financial Highlights

- CUES's net assets exceeded liabilities by \$501,321 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.
- During the year, expenses were \$121,975 less than the \$1,510,558 generated in revenues for governmental activities.
- Funding from operating grants and contributions and charges for services totaled \$1,132,764 for the current year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to CUES's basic financial statements. CUES basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves and federal and state compliance information.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of CUES's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of CUES, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of CUES is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the net assets of CUES changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned early retirement incentive).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7 to 9 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. CUES, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

• Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund

balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

CUES maintains one governmental fund (general fund). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund.

CUES adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 9 to 13 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 14 to 23 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of CUES, assets exceeded liabilities by \$501,321 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

CENTRAL UTAH EDUCATIONAL SERVICES - Net Assets

	Governmental Activities					Total Change		
	2005			2004		005-2004		
Current and other assets	\$	667,228	\$	564,071	\$	103,157		
Capital assets		1 61, 310		67,185	·	94,125		
Total assets		828,538		631,256		197,282		
Other liabilities	-	283,206		302,024		(18,818)		
Long-term liabilities outstanding		44,011		41,152		2,859		
Total liabilities		327,217		343,176		(15,959)		
Net assets:				·				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		161,310		67,185		94,125		
Restricted		-	±-	-		_		
Unrestricted		340,011		220,895		119,116		
Total net assets	\$	501,321	\$	288,080	\$	213,241		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	٠.	32.18%		23.32%				
Restricted		0.00%	٠.	0.00%				
Unrestricted		67.82%		76.68%				

• A portion of CUES's net assets (32%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., furniture and equipment net of accumulated depreciation), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. CUES uses these capital assets to provide services to districts; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although CUES's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

• The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* (68%) may be used to meet CUES's obligations to districts, employees, and creditors and to honor next year's budget.

At the end of the current fiscal year, CUES is able to report positive balances in all categories of net assets. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Investment in capital assets increased by \$94,125 during the year ended June 30, 2005. This increase resulted from acquiring new assets in the amount of \$138,883 and recording depreciation on the capital assets for the net difference.

CUES's net assets increased by \$213,241 during the current year. The following discussion and analysis on governmental activities focuses on this increase:

Governmental activities. The key elements of the increase of CUES's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2005 are as follows:

CUES - Changes in Net Assets

		Governmental			
	· · -	Activities			
	_		2005		
Revenues:	_				
Program revenues:					
Charges for services		\$	631,996		
Operating grants and contributions			500,768		
General revenues:					
Federal and state aid not	·				
restricted to specific purposes	F		177,302		
Miscellaneous and local			200,492		
Total revenues	. · · -		1,510,558		
Expenses:					
Support services:					
Instructional staff			1,297,317		
Total expenses	· _		1,297,317		
Changes in net assets			213,241		
Net assets, beginning	_		288,080		
Net assets, ending	_	\$	501,321		
	_				

Financial Analysis of CUES's Funds

As noted earlier, CUES uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of CUES's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing CUES's financing requirements.

Governmental funds report the differences between their assets and liabilities as fund balance, which is divided into reserved and unreserved portions. Reservations indicate the portion of CUES's fund balances that are not available for appropriation. The unreserved fund balance is, in turn, subdivided between designated and undesignated portions. Designations reflect CUES's self-imposed limitation on the use of otherwise available expendable financial resources in governmental funds. Undesignated balances in the general fund are required by state law to be appropriated in the following year's budget.

The *general fund* is the chief operating fund of CUES. At June 30, 2005, unreserved and undesignated fund balance was \$384,022. The unreserved and undesignated fund balance increased \$121,975. Annual expenditures in the general fund were \$121,975 less than the revenues accounting for the increase in the fund balance.

Capital Assets

Capital assets at June 30, 2005 and 2004 are outlined below:

CENTRAL UTAH EDUCATIONAL SERVICES'S Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

Total Governmental Activities Change 2005-2004 2005 2004 Furniture and equipment 161,310 67,185 \$ 94,125 \$ Total capital assets 161,310 67,185 \$ 94,125

Additional information on CUES's capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the basic financial statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Central Utah Educational Service's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Director, Central Utah Educational Services, 195 East 500 North, Richfield, UT 84701.

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2005

				ernmental ctivities
Assets: Cash and investments			•	200.052
Receivables:			\$	398 ,953
•				
Other governments	•			148,608
Other local	•			119,667
Capital assets:		•		
Other capital assets, net of a	accumulated depreciation			161,310
Total assets	•			828, 538
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable				174,005
Accrued salaries			1 (20,044
Deferred revenue:				,
Other governments				89,157
Other local				-
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year				6,602
Due in more than one year	1			37,409
	·			
Total liabilities				327,217
Net Assets:	•			
	of voluted dabt			1:61 210
Invested in capital assets, net	of related dept			161,310
Unrestricted				340,011
Total net assets			\$	501,321

Statement of Activities

			Program	Reveni	ıes		Net (Exp Revenue Chang Net As	e and es in esets
Functions	Expenses	Operating Charges for Grants and Services Contributions			Tota Governa Activi	nental		
Governmental activities: Supporting services: Instructional staff	\$ 1,29 7,3 17	_\$	631,996	\$	500,768_	_\$_		(164,553)
Total school district	\$ 1,297,317	\$	631,9 96	\$	500,768		<u> </u>	(164,553)
	General revenues Federal and state Miscellaneous		restricted to	specific	pur poses			177,302 200,492
	Total genera	ıl revenu	ies	-			<u> </u>	377,794
	Change in Net assets - begin		ets					213 ,241 288 ,08 0
	Net assets - endin	g				<u>\$</u>	·	501,321

Balance Sheet

Governmental Fund

June 30, 2005

	_	G	General		
Assets: Cash and investments		•	200.052		
Receivables:		\$	398,953		
Local sources			148,608		
State sources			140,000		
Federal sources			119,667		
Total assets	· . -	\$	667,228		
Liabilities and fund balances:					
Liabilities:			,		
Accounts payable Accrued salaries		\$	174,005		
Deferred revenue:			20,044		
Other governments			89,157		
Other local			69,137		
Total liabilities	_		283,206		
Fund Balances:					
Unreserved:			•		
Undesignated, reported in:					
General fund	,	<u> </u>	384,022		
Total fund balances	_		384,022		
Total liabilities and fund					
balances		\$	667,228		

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2005

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	384,022
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Furniture and equipment, net of \$198,771 accumulated depreciation 161,310		161,310
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net assets. Balances at year-end are:	t .	
Compensated absences payable		(44,011)
Total net assets of governmental activities	\$	501,321

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund

	Major Fund
T	General
Revenues: Local sources State aid Federal aid	\$ 832,488 436,364 241,706
Total revenues	1,510,558
Expenditures: Current: Supporting services: Instructional staff	1,3 88, 583
Total expenditures	1,388,583
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	121,975
Net change in fund balances	121,975
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	262,047
Fund balances - ending	\$ 384,022

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Government Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds				\$ 121,975
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities	are different because:			
Governmental funds report equipment and furniture outlays as expenditure with an initial, individual cost of more than \$3,000 for furniture and equipment estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the current period.	ipment are capitalized and	the cost is alloc	ated over	
Equipment & furniture outlays		. \$	138,883	
Loss on disposal of capital assets Proceeds from sales of capital assets				
Depreciation expense		· .	(44,758)	94,125
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	e of current financial resou	rces and,		*
(Increase)Decrease in compensated absences				(2,859)
				 ·
Change in net assets of governmental activities	ř.			\$ 213,241

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

		Budgeted	l A moi	nte		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive
	0	Original Final			1	Amounts		Negative)
Revenues: Local sources State aid Federal aid	\$	7 85,4 74 3 26,3 66 1 26,9 23	\$	852,759 482,364 306,757	\$	832,488 436,364 241,706	\$	(20,271) (46,000) (65,051)
Total revenues		1,238,763		1,641,880		1,510,558		(131,322)
Expenditures: Current: Supporting services: Instructional staff		1,238,763		1,903,927		1, 388, 583		515,344
Total expenditures		1,238,763		1,903,927	. ——	1,388,583		515,344
Excess of revenues over expenditures				(262,047)		121,975		384,022
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer out		<u>-</u> _				• •		-
Net change in fund balances		-		(262,047)		121,975	•	384,022
Fund balances - beginning		· -		262,047		262, 047		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	384,022	\$	384,022

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Central Utah Educational Services (CUES) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the CUES are described below.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the statement include the following:

- o For the first time the financial statements include:
 - A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) providing an analysis of CUES's overall financial position and results of operations.
 - Financial statements prepared using full-accrual accounting for all of CUES's activities.
- o A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). CUES has implemented the provisions of Statement No. 34 as well as other new standards related to note disclosure, non-exchange transactions, and certain liabilities and expenditures.

The Reporting Entity – CUES is a joint venture with Sevier, Juab, North Sanpete, South Sanpete, Wayne, Tintic and Piute school districts. Sevier School District serves as the fiscal agent for CUES and has ongoing fiscal responsibility. The Board of Directors, comprised of superintendents from the districts identified earlier comprises the governing authority for CUES. The Board establishes policies, approves budgets, and appoints a Director with responsibilities for administering all educational activities and for fiscal matters. CUES provides educational support services, applied technology education, media support and co-operative purchasing support to the school districts. As required by GAAP, these basic financial statements present the activities of CUES. CUES is not a component unit of any other primary government.

Government-wide and fund financial statements — The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government (the Service Center). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of CUES's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Depreciation expenses for capital assets that can specifically be identified with a function are included in its direct expenses. Depreciation expense for "shared" capital assets (for example, a school building is used primarily for instructional, school administration, and operation and maintenance of facilities) are ratably included in the direct expenses of the appropriate functions. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) fees and charges and other recipients of goods or services offered by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

The fund financial statements provide information about CUES's funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. CUES has only one governmental fund (general) that is presented.

CUES reports the following major governmental funds:

• The general fund is CUES's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

CUES has no non-major funds and therefore none are presented.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation — The government-wide are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which CUES receives value without directly giving equal value in exchange, include grants, and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. CUES considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred except for claims

and judgments, and early retirement, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Under the terms of grant agreements, CUES funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is CUES's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Budgetary Data – Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end with the exception of those indicated as a fund balance reserve. The following procedures are used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- During May of each year, the CUES Director submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the next fiscal year commencing July 1st. This budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Included also is a final budget for the current year ending June 30th.
- Copies of the proposed budget are made available for public inspection and review by the patrons of CUES.
- Once adopted, the budget can be amended by subsequent Board action. The Board upon recommendation of the director can approve reductions in appropriations. In accordance with Utah state law, interim adjustments may be made by administrative transfer of money from one appropriation to another within any given fund.
- Certain interim adjustments in estimated revenue and expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2005, have been included in the final budget approved by the Board, as presented in the financial statements.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders and contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Negative variances in total revenues and the positive variances in total expenditures are largely a result of federal and state program revenues and related expenditures that do not have a direct impact on the undesignated fund balance. Budgets generally assume the expenditure of all available resources. Therefore, when the budget is prepared, it is assumed these funds will not have a carryover of revenue to a subsequent year. Program revenue received but not spent is restricted and deferred to the subsequent fiscal year. As a result, overall fund revenue variances will be negative, and overall fund expenditure variances will be positive.

Cash and Investments - The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled with Sevier School District's pooled cash account.

Encumbrances - An encumbrance accounting system, in which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Outstanding appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and CUES reappropriates funds from the subsequent year to complete those transactions, which the District intends to honor.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include furniture and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. CUES define capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$3,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized.

Furniture and equipment of CUES are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements & portable classrooms	20
Furniture	10
Kitchen equipment	10
Maintenance equipment	10
Office equipment	10
Playground equipment	10
Portable classrooms	10
Vocational education equipment	10
Buses	8
Vehicles	8
Audio visual equipment	.5
Computer equipment	5

Compensated Absences - Compensated absences are those salary and benefit related payments for absences for which employees may be paid, such as vacation and leave, to include related payroll taxes. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the government and its employees is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Compensated absences that relate to future services or that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the government and its employees are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or in which such events take place.

Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a restricted purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources that are subject to change.

Comparative Data and Reclassifications – Comparative data for the prior year has been presented in certain sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in CUES's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with current year's presentation.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2005 consist of the following:

Demand deposits - checking		\$	398,953
Total cash and investments		\$	398,953

Cash and investments listed above are classified in the accompanying government-wide statement of net assets as follows:

Governmental		\$	398,953
Total cash and investments		s	398,953

The Utah Money Management Act (UMMA) establishes specific requirements regarding deposits of public funds by public treasurers. UMMA requires that CUES funds be deposited with a qualified depository, which includes any depository institution, which has been certified by the Utah State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as having met the requirements specified in UMMA Section 51, Chapter 7. UMMA provides the formula for determining the amount of public funds, which a qualified depository may hold in order to minimize risk of loss and also defines capital requirements, which an Institution must maintain to be eligible to accept public funds. UMMA lists the criteria for investments and specifies the assets, which are eligible to be invested in, and for some investments, the amount of time to maturity.

UMMA enables the State Treasurer to operate the Public Treasurer's Investment Pool (PTIF). PTIF is managed by the Utah State Treasurer's investment staff and comes under the regulatory authority of the Utah Money Management Council. This council is comprised of a select group of financial professionals from units of local and state government and financial institutions doing business in the state. PTIF operations and portfolio composition is monitored at least semi-

annually by the Utah Money Management Council. PTIF is unrated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Deposits in PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. Participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by PTIF. The fair value of the investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

Deposits and Investment Risk – CUES maintains no investment policy containing any specific provisions intended to limit CUES's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk other than that imposed by UMMA. CUES's compliance with the provisions of UMMA addresses each of these risks.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. All deposits and investments of CUES are available immediately.

Credit risk – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits. As of June 30, 2005 the carrying amount of deposits was \$398,953 of which \$100,000 was covered by FDIC insurance.

Custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. This risk is addressed through the policy of investing excess monies only in PTIF.

Concentration of credit risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. PTIF falls under the constraints of UMMA in limiting concentrations of investments.

NOTE 3. **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2005, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Iı	ncreases	Decreases			Ending Balance		
Governmental activities:								, (
Capital assets, being depreciated: Furniture and equipment	\$	221,198	\$	138,883	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	360,081		
Total capital assets, being depreciated		221,198		138,883		-		360,081		
Accumulated depreciation for:		•				•		•		
Furniture and equipment		(154,013)		(44,758)		-		(198;771)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(154,013)		(44,758)		_		(19 8,7 71)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		67,185		94,125				161,310		
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	67,185	\$	94,125	\$		\$	161,310		

For the year ended June 30, 2005, depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:

Supporting services: Instructional staff 44,758 44,758

Total depreciation expense, governmental activities

NOTE 4. RETIREMENT PLANS

Defined Benefit Plans - CUES contributes to the State School Contributory and the State School Noncontributory Retirement Systems (collectively, the Systems), which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (URS). URS provides refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended. The Utah State Retirement Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the URS and plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

Plan members in the State and School Contributory Retirement System are required to contribute 1.00 percent of annual covered salary, and CUES contributes 13.89 percent of annual covered salary. For employees participating in the State and School Noncontributory System, CUES contributes 13.38 percent of annual covered salary. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Utah State Retirement Board.

Sevier School District contributions, including CUES to the State and School Contributory Retirement System for the years ended June 30 are as follows:

Year Ended <u>June 30</u>	1	Employee Paid Contributions	Employer Paid for Employee Contributions	Employer Contributions			Salary subject to retirement Contributions	
State and School -	Contri	ibutory						
2005	\$	1,025	\$ 5,125	\$	9,112	\$	102,502	
2004		957	4,786		6,901		95,716	
2003		1,001	5,006		5,918		100,129	
State and School -	Nonco	ontributory						
2005	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	1,833,260	\$	13,701,494	
2004		0	0		1,528,337		13,063,351	
2003		0	0		1,486,552		14,293,763	

The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Defined Contribution Plans – CUES also participates in a defined contribution plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) to supplement retirement benefits accrued by participants in the Systems. Employees covered by the State and School Noncontributory Retirement System have a contribution of 1.5 percent of covered salaries automatically made by the District. Employees participating in the Systems can make additional contributions to the 401(k) plan up to specified limits. Contributions and earnings may be withdrawn by the employee upon termination or may be used as supplemental income upon retirement. The 401(k) plan funds are fully vested to the participants at the time of deposit. Plan assets are administered and held by URS.

Sevier School District, including CUES employee's voluntary contributions and the required contributions to the 401(k) for the Fiscal year ended June 30 are as follows:

Year		Employee		Employer Paid		
Ended		Paid	for Employee			
<u>June 30</u>	Contributions			Contributions		
401(k) Contributions						
2005	\$	3 00,7 94	\$	214,738		
2004		215,522		193,876		
2003		262,362		212,099		

Sevier School District, including CUES also offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Employees are eligible to voluntarily participate from the date of employment and are vested immediately upon participating. Employee contributions to the Section 457 plan totaled \$25,033 for the year ended June 30, 2005. The assets of the plan are administered and held by URS and third-party administrators.

NOTE 5. RISK MANAGEMENT

Liability and Property - CUES also maintains insurance coverage for general, automobile, personal injury, errors and omissions, employee dishonesty, and malpractice liability up to \$10 million per occurrence through policies administered by the Utah State Risk Management Fund (Fund), through Sevier School District. CUES also insures the contents of its facility against all insurable risks of direct physical loss or damage with the Fund. Property physical damage is insured to replacement value with a \$1,000 deductible; automobile physical damage is insured to actual value with a \$1,000 deductible; other liability is limited to the lesser of \$10 million or the statutory limit. The Fund is a public entity risk pool operated by the State for the benefit of the State and local governments within the State. CUES pays annual premiums to the Fund. The Fund obtains independent coverage for insured events, up to \$25 million per location. This is a pooled arrangement where the participants' pay experienced rated annual premiums, which are designed to pay claims and build sufficient reserves so that the pool will be able to protect the participating entities with its own capital. The pool reinsures excess losses to preserve the capital base. Insurance coverage from coverage by major category of risk has remained relatively constant as compared to the prior fiscal year. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

Workmen's Compensation - CUES provides workers compensation insurance through the Utah School Boards Risk Management Mutual Insurance Association, which is a risk pool, through Sevier School District. This workers compensation insurance applies to bodily injury by accident or bodily injury by disease caused or aggravated by the conditions of employment. The insurance limits for bodily injury by accident, (each accident), bodily injury by disease, (policy limit), and bodily injury by disease, (each employee) is \$1 million. This is a pooled arrangement where the participants' pay experienced rated annual premiums, which are designed to pay claims and build sufficient reserves so that the pool will be able to protect the participating entities with its own capital. The pool reinsures excess losses to preserve the capital base. Insurance coverage from coverage by major category of risk has remained relatively constant as compared to the prior fiscal year. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

Health and Accident, Life and Long-term Disability - CUES provides commercial coverage for health and accident coverage, long-term disabilities and life insurance for employees who qualify, through Sevier School District.

CUES has not experienced any significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year and insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Compensated absences payable Early retirement payable	41,152	2,859	-	44,011	6,602
Total governmental activity					
long-term liabilities	\$ 41,152	\$ 2,859	\$ -	\$ 44,011	\$ 6,602

Compensated Absences - CUES accrues vacation for twelve-month or full-year contract employees. CUES is liable to the employee for days earned but not taken. All vacation, plus related payroll taxes are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. During the year ended June 30, 2005, CUES recorded an additional expenditure of \$2,859, bringing the accrued liability balance to \$44,011. The liability includes related payroll taxes that would normally be paid on vacation benefits. This amount is updated on an annual basis to associate current resources with current uses.

NOTE 7. GRANTS

CUES receives significant financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by CUES's independent auditors and other governmental auditors. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable fund. Based on prior experience, District administration believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

(This page contains no information and is used to assist in formatting, for easier reading)

COMPLIANCE SECTION

JUNE 30, 2005

Kimball & Roberts

Certified Public Accountants
A Professional Corporation
Box 663
Richfield, Utah 84701
Phone 896-6488

<u>AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE LEGAL COMPLIANCE</u>

Central Utah Educational Services 545 West 100 North Richfield, Utah 84701

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Central Utah Educational Services, for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2006. As part of our audit, we have audited Central Utah Educational Services' compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; special tests and provisions applicable to each of its major State assistance programs as required by the State of Utah's Legal Compliance Audit Guide for the year ended June 30, 2005. The Central Utah Educational Services received the following major State assistance program from the State of Utah:

State Appropriation (State Office of Education)

Central Utah Educational Services also received the following nonmajor grants which are not required to be audited for specific compliance requirements: (However, these programs were subject to testwork as part of the audit of Central Utah Educational Services' financial statements):

State Appropriation/Reading Specialist Grant (State Office of Education)
Rural Schools Grant (State Office of Education)
State Appropriation/Assessment Specialist Grant (State Office of Education)
Media Grant (State Office of Education)

Our audit also included testwork on Central Utah Educational Services' compliance with those general compliance requirements identified in the Compliance Manual for audits of Local Governments in Utah including:

Public Debt
Cash Management
Purchasing Requirements
Budgetary Compliance
Property Tax
Other Compliance Requirements

The management of Central Utah Educational Services is responsible for Central Utah Educational Services' compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

Central Utah Educational Services Richfield, Utah 84701 Page -2-

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Central Utah Educational Services' compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The results of our audit procedures no instances of noncompliance with the requirements referred to above.

In our opinion, Central Utah Educational Services, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirement identified above and the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; and special tests and provisions that are applicable to its major State assistance program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

KIMBALL & ROBERTS, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

June 30, 2006 Richfield, Utah

Kimball & Roberts

Certified Public Accountants
A Professional Corporation
Box 663
Richfield, Utah 84701
Phone 896-6488

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Central Utah Educational Services 545 West 100 North Richfield, Utah 84701

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Central Utah Educational Services as and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise Central Utah Educational Services' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Central Utah Educational Services' internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Central Utah Educational Services' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Central Utah Educational Services Richfield, Utah Page -2-

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the board, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KIMBALL & ROBERTS, P. C. Certified Public Accountants

June 30, 2006 Richfield, Utah